NEW YORK, April 16.-Wall street has passed through another week of the crucial stage of the war question with-out any serious happenings. On the stock exchange, all has been quiet; not only as respects the amount of transactions done, but also in the way of ab-stention from political excitement or stention from political excitement or warlike apprehension. The situation has been so long under the public eye that it has been weighed on every side of its possibilities or probabilities. The discussions of the two houses of congress were waited for with some anxiety and little hope, but the exciting process of debate among these arbiters of the question of peace or war had little effect, for they only confirmed the foregone conclusion reached in the public mind. It may be said that the chances for peace have ceased to be an appreci-

gone conclusion reached in the public mind. It may be said that the chances for peace have ceased to be an appreciable factor in prices, and yet there are we selers either on speculation or investment account, and almost no stock coming here from Europe.

This latter fact, coupled with the absence of any further advance in the Eank of England rate of discount, is a significant matter; for it implies that, at the foreign financial centres, there is no expectation of further serious action by the European powers in our relations with Spain, which in some quarters has been regarded as a possibility calling for precautions. If such action were contemplated by the six powers, it could not have failed to show its forecastings in the higher circles of finance in London and on the continent, indeed, financiers would have welcomed such a pretext as a means of checking the outflow of gold to this country through promoting the return of our stocks and honds. The steadiness with which English and German investors cling to our securities under exciting conditions is a moting the return of our stocks and honds. The steadiness with which English and German investors cling to our securities under existing conditions is a very gratifying exhibition of confidence in our ability to withstand the effects of war; and is especially so when contrasted with the fact that Spanish bonds have lost nearly half their market value; it is, however, only a counterpart of the steadiness with which our securities are held at home. The feeling is very steadily gaining ground that while, as an immediate effect of the actual deciration of war, there would be a sudden shock causing some partial fall in prices, yet the drop would soon yield to recovery. The only important factor milltating against such a course of the stock market might possibly be forthcoming from the money market. The demunds of the government for money might prove to be a source of fittul disturbance; and yet it is to be considered that all the receipts of the treasury would go into cariy disbursement and into carly disbursen non conditions least calculated to lock the national bank depo

f gold.

The government March report on our oreign trade shows another remarkble addition to our foreign creditor rade shalance. The uncertainties conceted with our relations with Spain apear to have had the effect of swelling
ur exports and contracting our imports
be shipments of merchandles for

pear exports and contracting our imports. The shipments of merchandise for March amount to \$116.800,000, against \$2.200,000 for the same month of last year, showing an increase of \$24,650,000.

The month's imports, on the contrary, fell \$14,600,000 below those of 1897. Comparing the inward and outward trade, we have an excess of exports over imports last month amounting to \$33,100,-600, while for the same time of last year the surplus of exports was only \$13,200,-600. The extraordinary balance of trade in our favor thus continues to increase without any abatement. We have made a net import of gold during the month amounting to \$29,500,000; but that was largely due to bills of exchange drawn against exports of previous months and held back for temporary investment.

vote of the whole people of Cuba not that of the insurgents alone junta, I understand, has accepted as a satisfactory arrangement, end

this and escaped from it; still, there is yet left some ground for hope of a peace-ful settlement. Much depends, how-ever, upon flery speeches and their inupon congress. General Lee's ny before the senate committee of foreign affairs was conservative and to his credit, because it was devoid of sensational effort. Its effect, therefore, should be to tame down rather than infame the members of congress, and thereby precipitate action such as would bring about hostilities.

flame the members of congress, and thereby precipitate action such as would bring about hostilities.

The point raised that Spain is bankrupt and is in consequence a weak foe, is not well taken. In the event of Spain soins to war with this country it will certainly be impossible for her to raise money by the sale of her bonds, as they have already gone down to 42½, and in the event of hostilities they will go down to probably 25 or less. She will therefore naturally abandon ambition to keep up her national credit, and hence interest on her outstanding obligations will be sure to be defaulted on. This amounts to about \$100,000,000 as year which she will have for war purposes. Contributions and forced revenue from the people will be one of the processes recorted to to carry on the war. Spain will be in a position similar to that of a bankrupt railroad, which makes a bad foe for a solvent competitor. A railroad in the hands of a receiver pays out nothing except to keep the road in repair and can make forced loans besides through receiver's certificates authorized by court, which become a first claim against the road, to provide for pay rolls and expenses to keep the road in first claim against the road, to provide for pay rolls and expenses to keep the road in first claim against the road, to provide for pay rolls and expenses to keep the road in first condition—overenishly to be in a safe condition to prevent a sacrifice of life. A weak railroad can, therefore, cut rates so low as to inflict serious indury to a strong competitor if it continues the fight long enough. While Spanish 4s at present price (42½) yield \$2 per cent interest, United States 4s (at 121) yield only 2% per cent interest, and, notwithstanding the wide difference in the market price of the two securities, United States bonds are infinitely the cheapest and most desirable for an investment, because the principal and interest are absolutely accure

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"If you

Milions

see a thing too often, you no longer see it; if you hear a thing too often, you no longer hear it." Perhaps you've seen and heard so much of "Pearline" that it makes no impression upon you. Then it's time to wake up and look about and see what Pearline is doing, for other women. Pearline gives the easiest, quickest, most economical washing and cleaning.

Bradstreet's: The market for wool is very dull, and until the foreign outlook clears there is little prospect of improvement. Dealers are not pressing sales in the least, and are generally asking about the same price for supplies, but in the absence of sales quotations are largely nominal. The feature of the week in Boston was the sale of 650,000 pounds cape wool to Cahadian buyers. This wool included a part of the cargo from the bark Culdoon, which ran ashore at Nantucket some weeks since. The wood was landed from the vessel through the surf and brought forward by rail, being more or less damaged by water. Australian wools are held firm by conditions abroad. Domestic wool is very slow of sale, but nominally quoted steady. Carpet wools are very dull. Bradstreet's: 'The market for wool is

The Sare La Grippe Care.

There is no use suffering from this dreadful malady, if you will only get the right remedy. You are having pain all through your body, your liver is out of order, have no appetite, no life or ambition, have a bad cold, is fact are completely used up. Electric Bitters is the only remedy that will give you prompt and sure relief. They act directly on your Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, tone up the whole system and make you feel like a new being. They are guaranteed to cure or price refunded. For sale at Logan Drug Co.'s Drug Store, only 50 cents per bottle. ed. For sale at Logan Disaster, Store, only 50 cents per bottle.

FINANCE AND TRADE

The Features of the Money and Stock Markeis.

NEW YORK, April 16.—The tone of to-day's stock dealings, while duil and depressed, gave no very active indication of apprehension. It was rather a waiting market, as foreometime past. The transactions, outside of operations by professionals, were insignificant. Selling by traders found few seckers, and prices consequently yielded very readily. On the other hand, when the professionals turned buyers they found few stocks offering, and prices, consequently, easily recovered. Naturally, the net results of this kind of juggling from one hand to the other and then back again were not large, though the day's price movement was pretty wide. The opening decline was due to sympathy with London, where Americans all showed a heavy tone, and where Spanish 4's relapsed after yesterday's recovery, closing within ½ per cent to the lowest price made last Wednesday in the bear raid. European operators had apparently lost their confidence in the efficiency of the reported project for concerted mediation by the powers. The active preparations being made by the United States admonished observers that the congressional differences over the technicalities of the Cuban resolution were not expected to interfere with the substance of their action involving army intervention. Some slight recoveries in the section. Some slight recoveries in the sec-ond hour were due to covering by the shorts, but they were not held, and the list showed net declines in nearly all cases, for the most part confined to fractions. Tobacco absorbed a large part of the dealings, and suffered a loss of 9% per cent net on very heavy of-ferings, brought out by the recent jump In prices, Sugar, the Grangers and Union Pacific preferred were the other most active features, but the market

The weekly bank statement disclosed a stronger position for the banks than last week. The increase in surplus of \$2,309,600 is however, attained mostly by a decrease of \$1,579,400 in the reserve requirements by the continued drawing down of deposits, which were \$5,317,600 less than last week. The actual increase in cash holdings is only \$530,200. The condition of the New York clearing house banks now compared with the period just previous to the Maine explosion throws interesting light on the processes that have been going on in the money market during that period. The immense strength of reserves doubtless accounts for the hardy resistance to the fall in values, in face of the growing apprehension of war. The cash reserves of the New York banks themselves are now over 30 per cent of the deposits, against about 23 per cent on February II, the last statement before the Maine disaster. But this improvement to their own condition is of small significance compared with the evidence of what has been done for interior ment in their own condition is of small significance compared with the evidence of what has been done for interior banks. According to the statement of the condition of New York banks on February 11, deposits were then 735,653,the condition of New York banks on February 11, deposits were then 738,683,590. By to-day's statement they were \$663,519,300, a decrease of \$75,164,500. This represents pretty accurately the demand from interior banks for the purposes of strengthening their reserves which has been met in that time. The New York banks have met the demand by a contraction of Joans during the period named of nearly \$50,000,000, and have suffered a net-loss in cash of nearly \$14,000,000. If the cash items are examined separately it, is found that legal tenders have decreased \$46,445,800, while the specie has increased \$23,557,000, the gold from Europe coming in while legal tenders to the interior were going out. As a result of the heavy recipis of gold from Europe, the specie holdings of New York banks now constitute about 72 per cent of the cash reserve, against 55 per cent on February 11. The gold reserve in the United States treasury in the meantime has increased about \$14,000,000. Clearing house balances in New York and most of the payments at the New York custom house have been made in gold for several weeks, and New York banks have this week commenced in gold for several weeks, and Net

New York custom house have been made in gold for several weeks, and New York banks have this week commenced to ship gold to interior banks, which still continue to fortify their reserves, the available supply of legal tenders having become about exhausted.

The drain on gold from London has raised the discount rate and stiffened exchange on London at continental centres, but the gold movement to New York continues without signs of abatement. The conditions thus disclosed, combined with the large liquidation of indebtedness known to have occurred in the country, give condidence in the ability of the financial fabric to withstand the sheek of war. The prevailing high rate for timemoney(6per centfor all periods) is considered to be largely sentimental, though it is based on the expectation that raises will rise in case of war. The disinclination to borrow money on time at existing rates is, however, almost as marked as that of lenders, Transactons, aside from call loans, walt, on the clearings of the situation, and partily, also, on the expectation of a government loan. But the apprehension of on the clearings of the situation, and partly, also, on the expectation of a government loan. But the apprehension of the effect of war on money and business is appreciably less than three weeks ago. Therefore, while prices are between 1 and 2 points lower than a week ago, they are very substantially above the low point touched just previous to the presentation to Congress of the report of the Maine board of inquiry.

The market for railroad bonds has been intensely dull and prices lower.

Government bonds are all lower, de-

under any circumstances, whereas, in the event of war. Spanish bonds will certainly be made absolutely insecure, if not worthless. HENRY CLEWS,

Weel.

Weel.

Weel.

Weel.

Well clines in the bid price reaching 2% per cent in the new 4's coupon, 2 per cent in the 2's 1½ per cent in the old 4's registered, 1 per cent in the old 4's coupon and ½ per cent in the new 5's.

Evening Post's London financial ca-

per cent in the new 5's.

Evening Post's London financial cablegram:

Pending the result of the vote on the Cuban resolution in the United States senate, the markets here are dull and stupid, with lower prices, Consols were to-day ½ to ½ per cent lower. Americans were frum a half to one dollar lower, with no business doing, the market simply following Wall street.

The Financier says:

Despite the heavy and continued demand for funds from the interior and clearing house banks, according to their statement for the current week, were able not only to held their own in the way of cash but added over two millions to their surplus reserve, making the latter frem the largest reported since January 1. In the light of present events the statement must be regarded as favorable, since it reveals the wonderfully strong position of the banks. Ordinarily it would mean lower money rates this week, but unless a pacific solution of the Spanish question presents itself, no such reduction may be anticipated. The operations of the week brought about a shrinkage of \$7,697,900 in loans, due to continental liquidation and the entire absence of new business, anticipated. The operations of the week brought about a shrinkage of \$7.697.900 in loans, due to continental liquidation and the entire absence of new business, the banks confining themselves to the needs of their own customers. Out of town banks, it is worthy of note, are doing some buying in this market, tempted by the stringent rates. Deposits were reduced \$6,317,690, owing largely to withdrawals of balances. The interior movement is shown in the loss of \$3,524,290 in legal tenders. Specie imports account for the gain of \$4,554,400 in gold, and the net result was an increase of nearly three quarters of a million cash. The loss in deposits lowered the reserve requirements \$1,579,400. This added to the cash gain swelled the surplus as above. The country has imported or engaged over \$60,000,000 of gold, but the New York banks to-day hold only \$2,000,000 cash more than when the movement started. The specie received has merely replaced the withdrawals by interior banks, and it is a problem whether the future demand on New York will be as heavy as anticipated.

pated.

Domestic exchange is at a heavy discount at interior cities, and from all that can be learned the cash withdrawn is not being employed at home. The fact that outside institutions are leaning money here is not without significance.
The outlook favors continued imports of gold, and these, with the heavy disbursements being made by the treasury, may operate to produce an easier state of affairs. It would not be surprising if present rates proved to be the maximum for the year. The country has so much money that it is prepared to meet expenditures of an extraordinary magnitude without embarrassment. The trouble now is that it is being hoarded, rather than put into use.

BONDS AND STOCK QUOTATIONS.

CHICAGO—The strength of the for-eign wheat markets and the belief that impending hostilities will cause a rise in prices, mâde wheat to-day almost as strong as it was weak yesterday, and resulted in an advance of two cents in July. Foreigners accepted freely of yesterday's cable offers, Corn made the unusual advance of \(\frac{1}{2} \) will oats clos-tunusual advance of \(\frac{1}{2} \) will oats clos-

unusual advance of 24c while outs clos-ed 162% higher, both markets being affected principally by wheat. Provis-ions show little change. Traders in wheat were treated to a genuine surprise at the opening. In spite of all the selling done here yester-day, millions of bushels by the import-ant long interests and notwithstonding ant long interests and notwithstandin the drop of three cents a bushel in July, all foreign markets came higher Liverpool in particular was strong showing advances ranging from 146 7d. A feature of the advance at Liver-pool was the fact that the July price pool was the fact that the July price there was twenty-five cents higher than the prevailing price in this market, or considerable above the average shipping rates. New York reported that acceptances of wheat in all positions made by cable from there yesterday were the heaviest of the season, practically everything offered being taken. It was evident from this that the belief in war overshalowed everything else in

edly had a good deal to do with the broadening out of trade. This belief was strengthened by the fact to-day that his dealings were comparatively insignifi-

Corn was strong from the start.
There was quite heavy buying all day,
many prominent local players being
caught short by the unexpected jump
in wheat, by a sharp advance in cables,

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	
Vheat, No. 2	ASSAULT !	(90405ACB)	PROFESSION		
May	\$1 00	\$1 10	\$1.09	\$1 09	
July	85%	871/2	8574	8654	
Sept	78	7914	78	195 79 5	
Dec	78%	79%	789a	79%	
orn, No. 2.	100537901	SELECTION.	(Military)	Separate Property	
May	2976	30%	2974	3014	
July		32	3114	3104	
Sept	32%	33	3214	3276	
ats, No. 2.	9607071	Statement .	William !	ESTRIN	
May	25 4	294	2576	25% 23	
July	2314	23/2	23	23	
less Pork.	0.00	Houses.	No mes	Marine Fil	
May	0 90	9 90	9 7714	9 771%	
July	9 92	10 05	9 90	9 90	
ard. May	5 20	5 20	5 1714	5 1744	
July	5 2214	5 2734	5 221	5 25	
Sept	5 20	5 35	5 30	5 3214	
hort Ribs.	3 50	0.00	0 30	9 97/3	
May	5 1215	5 1734	5 1214	5 1214	
		5 25	5 20	5 20	
	5 27%	5 2784	5 2714	5 2714	
Cash quota		with company to be	CONT. COLUMN	-	

1@18c; dairies 11@16c. Cheese—Quiet at 8@8¼c. Eggs—Firm; fresh 9¼c.

Eggs—Firm; fresh 9¼c.

NEW YORK—Flour, receipts 16,328
barrels; exports 19,334 barrels; market
stronger but not quotably higher; winter patents ¼ 85@5 25; water straights
¾ 55@4 70; Minnesota patent ¾ 520@
5 55; winter extras ¾ 55@4 10; Minnesota bakers ¾ 25@4 45; winter low
grades ¾ 50@2 00.

Rye flour firm at ¾ 75@3 20. Cornmeal firm; yellow western 70c. Rye
market firmer; No. 2 western 60@60¼c.
Barley steady. Barley malt quilet; western 53@45c.

Wheat, receipts 93,425 bushels; exports
166,750 bushels; spot stronger: No. 2 red

Wheat, receipts 93,425 bushels; exports 166,750 bushels; spot stronger; No. 2 red \$1 10 f. o. b. and afloat spot; options opened strong and higher on surprisingly firm Liverpool cables. Shorts were heavy buyers most of the forenoon, covering yesterday's sales, and influenced also by renewed war talk; closed 2%@ 2%c net higher; May \$1,05%1.06%@ 1.06%.

also by renewed war talk; closed 2349 234c net higher; May \$1 0540 0540 1 054.

Feed firm; bran 75@90c; middlings 80@ 55c; rye feed 62½65c. Hay quiet; shipping 30@35c; good to choice 55@70c.

Hops quiet; state, common to choice, 1895 crop, 4@5c; 1896 crop 16@17c; Pacific coast, 1895 crop, 4@5c; 1896 crop 16@17c; London market 50@50c.

Hides steady; Galveston 15½c; Texas dry 12½c; California 17½618c. Leather steady; hemlock sole, Buenos Ayres, 19½@20c.

Beef firm; family \$11 00@11.75; extra

mest firm; family \$11 00@11 75; extra mess \$9 00@3 75; beef hams \$22 00@33 00; packet, \$10 25@11 00. Cutmeats quiet; pickled bellies 55@655c: pickled shoul-ders 4½c; pickled hams 7½@754c. Lard steady; western steamed closed at \$5 47½. Pork steady; mess \$9 75@ 10 00; short clear \$10 25@12 50; family \$11 50. Beef firm; family \$11 00@11 75; extra

10 00; short clear \$10 25@12 50; family \$11 50.

Corn, receipts 616,200 bushels; exports 258,008 bushels; spot firm; No. 2, 35%c; options bullishly affected by strong cables and big clearances, advanced all the forenoon, and closed ½c net higher; May 34 13-16@35¼@35½c.

Oats, receipts 148,800 bushels; exports 129,822 bushels; spot firm; No. 2, 20½@31c; No. 2 white 23½c; options quiet but firmer with the other departments, closing ½c higher; May 29½@29½@29½c.

Tallow easier; city 3½c; country 3½c.

Tallow easier; city 3½c; country 3½c.

Tallow easier; city 3½c; country 3½c.

The steady; fair to extra 4½@5½c; Japan 5½@5½c. Molasses quiet; New Orleans open kettle, good to choice, 28 @33c. Freights to Liverpool strong; cotton by steam 18@20c; grain by steam 3½c.

Cottonseed oil steady: relime extra

#33c. Freights to Liverpool strong; cotton by steam 18@20c; grain by steam 3½c.

Cottonseed oil steady; prime crude 19½c; prime crude f. 0. b. mills 1½% 15½c; prime summer yellow 22¼@22½c; off summer yellow 22¼@22½c; off summer yellow 22½4@22½c; off summer yellow 22½4@22½c; off summer yellow 22½4@22½c; off summer yellow 22%22½c.

Coffee, options opened steady with prices' unchanged to 5 points higher, ruled quiet with April showing relative strength on shorts covering and spot coffee firms buying; bears nervous owing to threatened break of war cloud and market falling off in visible supply; closed steady and unchanged to 20 points net higher. Sales 16,500 bags, including May 5,30%6,00c. Spot coffee. Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 6%c; No. 7 jobbing 7½c; mild quiet; Cordova 8¼@15c.

Sugar, raw quiet; fair refining 39-lec; centrifugal, 96 test, 41-l6c; refined quiet; mould A 57-l6c; standard A 51-l6c; confectioners' A 51-l6c; cut loat 511-l6c; crushed 511-l6c; powdered 57-l6c; granulated 53-l6c; cutes 57-l6c; BALTIMORE—Flour duil and unchanged; excents cocclust cocclust 7.028 barrels; exposit, excents.

TOLEDO—Wheat higher and weak: No. 2 cash \$1 02; May \$1 01. Corn active and higher; No. 2 mixed 314c. Oats dull and steady; No. 2 mixed 214c. Rye dull and higher: No. 2 cash 54c. Clover-

Live Stock.

CHICAGO—Too few cattle arrived today to make a market and prices were
nominal as a rule, closing anywhere
from 15 to 35e lower than a week ago.
Exporters have cancelled their contracts
in a number of instances, owing to bad
English market, and this has helped to
depress prices. Fed western cattle have
been selling badly all week. Trade in
hogs started off at slightly lower prices
but firmed up a little later on good demand. Light weights sold at 33 656
3 87½ and heavy logs at 33 1063 72½,
according to quality. Pigs seld at 33 06
G3 80, largely at 33 1563 40 for little fellows and at 35 663 30 for the heavier 43 80, larkely at \$3 1563 40 for little fellows and at \$3 5063 80 for the heavier ones. Nearly all the sheep and lambs received to-day were consigned to packets. Lambs were salable at \$5 5065 625 for wooled Mexicans and at \$4 0065 00 for shown flocks. Shorn sheep sold at \$3 5064 30, few going below \$4 00. Receipts, cattle 200 head; hogs 17,000 head; sheep 500 head.

sheep 500 head.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle dull and slow. Hogs, Yorkers, good to choice, 23 95; roughs, common to choice 23 400 3 55; roughs, common to choice 33 400 3 65. Lambs, choice to extra, 25 700 55 85; culls to common \$5 000 5 50; cilpped lambs 24 250 500. Sheep, choice to selected wethers 34 900 500; culls to common \$5 500 60 50; culls to common \$5 500 60 60; c

33 5044 00; clipped sheep \$3 15.64 25.

EAST LIBERTY — Cattle steady;
extra \$5 1065 15; prime \$5 0065 10; common \$3 9064 20. Hogs steady; choice clipped \$4 2064 25; common \$3 15.63 55; choice clipped \$4 2064 25; common \$3 15.63 55; choice clipped lambs \$4 55.65 00; common to good \$4 25.64 80; spring lambs \$6 0068 00; weal calves \$4 5065 00.

CINCINNATI—Hogs steady at \$3 100 3 80. Cattle steady.

3 80. Cattle steady.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK—The week in dry goods has been more satisfactory in its tendencies if not in its actual results. Selicers have found that buyers are willing to make concessions in order to clean up stocks which will be useless in a few weeks. In fact such class has shown an easier dealing tendency and a generally better feeling prevails. The actual business passing has been small and irregular from day to day. Re-orders have been light and in general confined to actual results of the conditions in any grade. Prints are irregular and not at all reassuring in their movement. Print cloths have sold very well, but not well enough to equal the output at Fall River. The quotation is still 2c for extras, with a limited demand recorded.

The Bank Statement.

The Bank Statement

The Bank Statement.

NEW YORK—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes:
Surplus reserve, increase, \$2,309,600; lonns, decrease, \$17,597,900; specie, increase, \$4,524,400; legal tenders, decrease, \$3,524,200; deposits, decrease, \$5,500, The banks now hold \$37,373,075 in excess of the requirement of the 25 per cent rule.

NEW YORK—Metals—Lead was called.

NEW YORK-Metals-Lead was NEW YORK-Metals-Lead was called dull at \$3.50; copper steady at \$11.875; and casting copper steady at \$11.1215 by the firm fixing the settling price for miners and smelters in the west, to-day. The metal exchange issue no report, as complex Saturday. usual on Saturday.

OIL CITY—Credit balances 75c: certificates opened and closed at 74%c bid for cash; sales 1,000 cash at 74%c; shipments 84,380 barrels; runs 94,356

NEW YORK-Wool quiet; fleece 17@ 2c; Texas 12@14c.

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as Jol ai S a. m.
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RAILROADS.

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TIME. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY
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AFFIN'S COLUMBUS. V. 6:35 P. M.
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COACHES.
PULLMAN CARS FROM WHEELING
JUNCTION THROUGH WITHOUT
CHANGE.

OTHER TRAINS DEAVE WHEELING.

OTHER TRAINS DEAVE WHEELING. For Steuberville and Pittsburgh 7:25 a. m. week days; for Pittsburgh and the East and for Columbus and Chicago at 1:25 p. m. week days; for Pittsburgh, Harrisburgh, Ealtimore, Washington, Philadelphita and New York at 3:25 p. m. daily; for Steuberville and Dennison at 3:25 p. m. daily; for Pittsburgh at 7:20 p. m. week days; for Columbus, Dayton, Chethnatd, Indianapolis and St. Louis at 9:30 p. m. week days. City time. Parlor Car to Pittsburgh on 2:55 p. m. and 7 p. m. Trains,

7 p. m. Trains,
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a delightful journey. Tickets will be pravided and baggage checked through to destination. Passenger and Ticket Agent; Wheeling, W. Va.

WHERLING & BLM GROVE RAILROAD. On and after Saturday, February 2, 1895, trains will run as follows, city time:

116	ave	neel	ing.	LORVO	E	m. (rove.
Tr'n	T'me	Tr'n	T'ine	Tr'n T	me	Tr'n	T"m
NO.	A. ID.	NO.	p. m.	No. a.	m.	No.	11 111
2	16:00	20	3:00	1	6:00	19	3.0
4	7:00	22	4:00	3	7:00	21 000	4+0
*****	8:00	24	5:00	5	8:00	33	6.0
8	9:00	.6	6:00	1 7 1	9:00	26	6.0
10	10:00	28	7:60	9 1	0:00	77 066	7:0
12	11:00	30	8:00	11 1	1:00	29	R 0
500	p. m.	32	9:00	Difference to	773	31	9.0
14	112:00	34	. 10:00	13 1	2:00	23	10.0
40	1:00	36	. 11:00	16	1:00	35	. 11:0
18	2:00	302(949)	NO REPLACEMENT	17	2:00	SVSbill	Divisio
th.	dia .	***	Ditt	A	-	_	_

Daily, except Sunday, will leave Elm Sunday church trains will leave Elm Greve at \$13 a. m. and Wheeling at 13:17 B. M. E. WEISGERRER, General Manages,

RAILWAY TIME CARD.

Arrival and departure of trains on an after Nov.14, 183. Explanation of Reference Marks: 'Daily, Explanation of Reference Marks: 'Daily, except Sunday, 'Daily, except Sunday, 'Baturday, 'Baturday, 'Buday, Sunday, Only, Eastern Standard Time.

Depart, B.&O.—Main Line East, Arrive,
12:15 am Wash, Bai, Phil. N.Y. 9:28 am
4:45 pm Wash, Bai, Phil. N.Y.
17:00 am ...Cumberland Accom... 14:30 pm
16:45 pm... Grafton Accom... 19:10 pm
16:45 pm... Grafton Accom... 19:10 pm
16:55 am ...Washington City Ex... 11:00 pm

This and ". C. C. & St. I. Ry
1346 am Stubbenville and Wast
1346 am Stubbenville and Wast
1346 am Stubbenville Accom.
1345 pm . Stubburgh and N. Y.
1345 pm . Hithburgh and N. Y.
1350 pm . Pittaburgh and N. Y.
1350 pm . Pittaburgh and N. Y.
1350 pm . St. Cln. and St. Louis
1325 pm . Ex. Stub. and Chi.
1325 pm . Ex. Stub. and Chi.
1325 pm . Pitta and Dennison.
1325 pm . Pitta and Dennison.
1325 pm . Pitta and Dennison.

Depart, C. & P.—Bridgsport, 17:34 pm Port Wayne and Chl. 17:34 pm 16:33 am Fort Wayne and Chl. 17:34 pm 16:33 am Fort Wayne and Chl. 17:34 pm 16:33 am Alliance and Cleveland 19:35 pm 16:00 am Steubenville and Pitts. 19:35 pm 16:00 pm Port Wayne and Chl. 19:10 pm Port Wayne and Chl. 19:10 pm 16:10 pm

11:45 am Charleston and Cincin. 22:15 pm 24:15 pm Park. and Way Points 11:30 pm Depart B. Z. & C. R. R. Arrive. 10:10 am Mail, Express and Pass. 2:50 pm 4:50 pm Express and Passenger 4:00 nm 2:10 pm Mixed Freig't and Pass. 2:10 pm

RAILROADS.



ARRIVE

Gratton Accommodation, 4:45 p. m. daily.

ARRIVE.
From New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, 8:20 a. m., daily.

Washington Express, 11:00 p. m. daily.
Cumberland Accommodation, 4:30 p. m., except Sunday.

Gratton Accommodation, 10:10 a. m., daily.

TRANS-OHIO DIVISION.

For Columbus and Chicago, 7:35 a. m. and 3:50 p. m., daily.

Columbus and Cincinnati Express, 10:28 a. m. and 10:10 p. m., daily. except Saturday, and 2:40 p. m., daily. except Sunday.

ARRIVE.

Chicago Express, 1:15 a. m. and 11:50 a. m., daily.

Chicago Express, 1:15 a. m. and 5:15 a. m., daily.

Chicago Express, 1:15 a. m. and 5:15 a. m., daily.

Chicago Express, 1:15 a. m. and 11:59 a. m., daily,
Cincinnati Express, 5:05 a. m. and 5:15 p. m., daily,
Sandusky Mail, 5:15 p. m., daily,
St. Clairsville Accommodation, 11:59 a. m. and 5:15 p. m., daily, except Sunday.
WHEELING & PITTSBURGH DIV.
For Pittsburgh, 5:10 and 7:30 a. m. and 5:20 p. m., daily, and 1:15 p. m., daily, except Sunday.
For Pittsburgh and the East, 5:10 a. m. and 5:20 p. m., daily, and and 5:20 p. m., daily.

and 5:20 p. m., daily.

From Pittsburgh, 10:20 a. m., 6:20 p. m., daily, 11:30 p. m., daily except Saturday, 11:50 a. m., except Sunday, and 2:20 a. m., Sunday only.

T. C. BURKE,

Passenger and Ticket Agent, Wheeling.

W. M. GREENE, D. B. MARTIN,

General Manager, Manager Passenger and Manager Passenger and Ticket Agent.

OHIO RIVER



OHIO RIBR

WHILFOOD CO.

Time Table in Effect
Nov. 21, 1971. Eastern time.

*Daily. 1Daily Except Sunday.

| South Bound. | *7 | 11 | *3 | *5 | Via P.C., C. & St. L. R | Pittsburgh, Pa... Lv | Cin. | 2:10 | 12:1

WheelingAr Leave.
Wheeling
Moundsville
New Martinsville.
Sistersville
Williamstown
Parkersburg 12:29 17:70 Via C. & O. Ry. Lv. Huntington.... Ar. Charleston.... p. m. p. n. 1:60 KenovaAr Vla C. & O. Ry. Ly. Kenova Cincinnati, O. Lexington, Ky Louisville, Ky JOHN J. ARCHER, G. P. A.

THE Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling BAILWAY COMPANY.

Central Standard Time.
Time Schedule of Passenger Trains in
effect Sunday, May 16, 1897.
Cleveland Dopot Foot South Water Street.
DEPART.

Bellaire
Bridgeport
Uhrichwille
New Priladelphia
Canni Dover
Justus
Massillon
Warwick
Sterling
Seville
Medina
Lester
Grafton
Ellyria
Lorain
Lorain
Lester Junction
Cleveland ARRIVE.

Bellaire
Bridgeport
Uhrichwille
New Philadelphia
Canal Dover
Justus
Massilton
Warwick
Sterling
Seville
Medina
Lester
Grafton
Ellyria
Lorain
Lester Junction

Nos. 2 and 5 daily between Cleveland and Massillon. All other trains daily except Namidy,
Passencers between Wheeling, Martin's
Ferry, Bellaire and Bridgeport, take Electric Railway,
M. G. CARREL, G. P. A.
O. R. WOOD, T. P. A.
Wheeling, W. V.

THE INTELLIGENCER PRINTING